## EUROPEAN HOUSING

## EXCLUSION INDEX

2016

This ranking has been based on Eurostat data for the year 2014 (released online in 2016) and has been calculated with five housing costs, housing quality and housing conditions indicators. National disparities do not allow for the identification of good policies, but they can be used to highlight the countries having the best-adapted tools for their own situation. Luxembourg and Malta are small countries and can hardly be compared to other European countries.





> OVERCHOWDING

> INABILITY TO KEEP HOME WARN

> SEVERE HOUSING DEPRIVATION

**EVOLUTION** 

		OVER 1 YEAR
1	LUXEMBOURG	=
2	IRELAND	↑8
3	FINLAND	<b>↓1</b>
4	SWEDEN	<b>1</b>
5	BELGIUM	<b>↓2</b>
6	MALTA	=
7	NETHERLANDS	<b>44</b>
8	AUSTRIA	=
9	GERMANY	<b>↓2</b>
10	FRANCE	<b>↑3</b>
11	ESTONIA	<b>↓2</b>
12	CYPRUS	<b>1</b>
13	DENMARK	=
14	SLOVENIA	12
15	CROATIA	12
16	CZECH REP	↑5
<b>17</b>	SPAIN	<b>↓2</b>
18	LITHUANIA	<b>1</b>
19	POLAND	<b>↑3</b>
20	UK	<b>48</b>
21	SLOVAKIA	<b>44</b>
22	PORTUGAL	<b>↓4</b>
23	ITALY	=
24	ROMANIA	<b>1</b>
25	LITHUANIA	<b>↓1</b>
26	BULGARIA	=
<b>27</b>	HUNGARY	=
20	CDEECE	

