

European Housing Exclusion Index CZECH REPUBLIC



Overall rank¹: 21st

Population in housing cost overburden (spending more than 40% of disposable income in housing)	EU Average		21 st
11,7%	11%		
Evolution of housing cost overburden 2008-2013	EU Average		4 th
-1,1 pts	+0,5 pts		7
Poor households' exposure to the housing market ²	EU Average		19 th
31,4%	21,8%		13
Rent and mortgage arrears (among poor households)	EU Average		23 rd
14,1%	10,1%		20
Utilities arrears (among poor households)	EU Average		15 th
20%	21,2%		13
Likelihood (subjective) of having to leave	EU Average		
housing in the next six months due to	_		
increasing costs			20 th
6,7%	5,5%		20
0,7 /0	3,3 /0		
	**** A	_	
Overcrowding	EU Average		. —46
21%	17,3%		17 ¹¹
21/0	17,670		
Severe housing deprivation	EU Average	_	
Severe nousing deprivation	EU Average		15 th
4%	5,2%		15
Inability to keep home adequately warm	EU Average		4 Oth
6,2%	10,8%		12"

¹ Average results of tables 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 from the report *An Overview of Housing Exclusion in Europe 2015*.

² Poor tenants on the private market and poor people with mortgages to pay.

Evolution of inability to keep home adequately warm 2008-2013	EU Average		12 th
+0,2 pts	+0,7 pts		
	T77. 4		
Rural population encountering difficulties in accessing public transport	EU Average		2 nd
20,9%	35%		_
Gender effect : Risk for women of	EU Average		
experiencing housing cost overburden			
compared to men, among poor households ³			26th
nousenoius			20
+28%	+13%		
Age/youth effect : Risk for young people	EU Average		
of experiencing housing cost overburden,			
among overall poor population			6 th
-18%	+29%	_	
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Age/ageing effect : Risk for older people	EU Average		
of experiencing housing cost overburden,	_		
among overall poor population			23 th
220/	60/		20
+22%	-6%		

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³ Gender and age effects are watched among poor population, in order to counteract the difference in income between social groups and to assess if there are aggravating factors for housing exclusion, regardless of income issues.