

Landlords: public and private partners

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Workshop methodology



45 min.
Speakers'
presentations

Arnaud Jacquinet – Housing First Belgium

Maria Clemensen - Housing First Copenhagen

Time for questions





25 min.

Group discussion

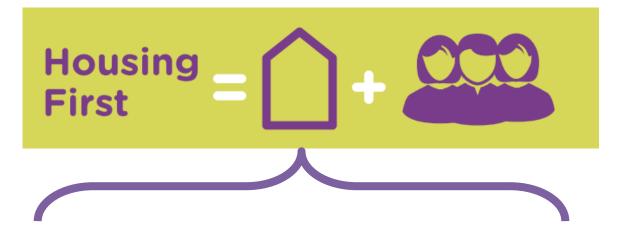
- 3 key success factors in housing provision and relations with owners
- 3 key challenges in housing provision and relations with owners





20 min. Sharing in plenary





PROVIDES

Starting point for social integration
Security and predictability
Safety and stability
Privacy, control over life
Allows efforts onto other areas

CHALLENGES

Availability
Affordability
Allocation to collectives
Neighbours relations

Relations with owners



Who are the owners?

SOCIAL SECTOR

Public sector (not only)

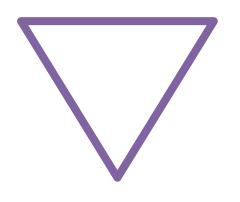
Larger stocks

Social sensitiveness

Existing rules

Cheaper

Waiting lists



DIRECT PROVISION

HF implementing organizations
Owned or rented dwellings
Easier availability and control
Need to management resources

PRIVATE SECTOR

Individuals or organizations
Smaller stocks
Not necessarily social sensitive
Market conditions
More expensive
Normalized



Hábitat in Spain

Main expressed concerns

- Housing availability (social and private)
- Shortage of social housing for many demanding collectives
- High costs of private market housing

HABITAT Housing First para personas sin hogar	Housing structure	€/person/day Programme cost
BARCELONA	10 Private market	42€
MÁLAGA	8 Private + 1 social	32€
MADRID*	20 social	28€

^{*}Total social dwellings in Region of Madrid: 100,000







GOOD RELATIONS will improve...

Housing availability
Housing stability
Relocation processes
Sustainability of programmes
Mediation with neighbours
Intervention process
Exits from the programme

BAD RELATIONS may generate...

Greater housing instability
Higher eviction rates
Relocation difficulties
Escalated conflicts



How to generate good relations?

EXPLAIN WHAT YOU DO

- Let owners and neighbours understand homelessness and Housing First
- Engage them in

ALLOCATE RESOURCES

- Mediation with neighbours
- •Support to landlords (mediation, property management...)
- •Incentives (warranty rent payment, management, etc.)

BE SERIOUS

- Understand laws and housing market configurations
- Have clear protocols & processes

BE DARING

- Propose innovative solutions
- Advocate for housing allocation agreements to homeless people
- Establish alliances for property management



Drivers for housing provision and stability

- Landlord engagement programmes
- Independent property management / Support to landlords
- Owners & tenants education schemes
- Incentives (financial, mitigation or rent guarantee funds)
- Guarantees through public-private partnerships
- Sliding rent schemes
- Agreements for allocation of % of social housing to homelessness



2 good examples

Arnaud Jacquinet

HF Belgium

The role of the "capteur logement" to improve access to housing and housing retention

Maria Clemensen

HF Copenhagen

Different forms of social housing - advantages and challenges



Merci Dank uwel Thank you

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