





Overall rank<sup>1</sup>: 28<sup>th</sup>

Population in housing cost overburden (spending more than 40% of disposable income in housing)	EU Average		28 <sup>th</sup>
36,9%	11%		
Evolution of housing cost overburden 2008-2013	EU Average		28 <sup>th</sup>
+14,7 pts	+0,5 pts	_	
Poor households' exposure to the housing market <sup>2</sup>	EU Average		17 <sup>th</sup>
25,1%	21,8%		• •
Rent and mortgage arrears (among poor households)	EU Average	Ē	28 <sup>th</sup>
25,1%	10,1%		20
Utilities arrears (among poor households)  31,9%	EU Average		27 <sup>th</sup>
Likelihood (subjective) of having to leave housing in the next six months due to increasing costs	EU Average		28 <sup>th</sup>
14,5%	5,5%		
Overcrowding	EU Average		20 <sup>th</sup>
27,3%	17,3%		20
Severe housing deprivation	EU Average		<b>21</b> st
7,0%	5,2%		<b>4</b> I
Inability to keep home adequately warm	EU Average		27 <sup>th</sup>
29,5%	10,8%	_	

Average results of tables 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 from the report *An Overview of Housing Exclusion in Europe 2015.*Poor tenants on the private market and poor people with mortgages to pay.

Evolution of inability to keep home adequately warm 2008-2013	EU Average	27 <sup>th</sup>
+14,1 pts	+0,7 pts	
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Rural population encountering difficulties in accessing public transport	EU Average	26 <sup>th</sup>
47,8%	35%	
Gender effect : Risk for women of experiencing housing cost overburden compared to men, among poor households <sup>3</sup>	EU Average	9 <sup>th</sup>
+9%	+13%	
+9%	+13%	
Age/youth effect : Risk for young people of experiencing housing cost overburden, among overall poor population	+13% EU Average	19 <sup>th</sup>
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Age/youth effect : Risk for young people of experiencing housing cost overburden, among overall poor population	EU Average	19 <sup>th</sup>
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Gender and age effects are watched among poor population, in order to counteract the difference in income between social groups and to assess if there are aggravating factors for housing exclusion, regardless of income issues.